

# The Market Administrator's Report

*Facilitating the Efficient Marketing of Milk*

## Pacific Northwest and Arizona Marketing Areas

*William A. Wise, Market Administrator*

Volume 38, No. 6

June 2012

Data for May 2012

### MARKET SUMMARIES FOR MAY

#### Pacific Northwest (FO 124)

Producers delivered a total of 737.1 million pounds of milk to the market during May. Daily deliveries averaged 23.8 million pounds, up 11.9 percent from April. An estimated 607 producers delivered milk to the market during the month. Comparisons to April 2012 are biased due to historically eligible milk not pooled in April. Daily deliveries per producer averaged 39,173 pounds, up 11.2 percent from April.

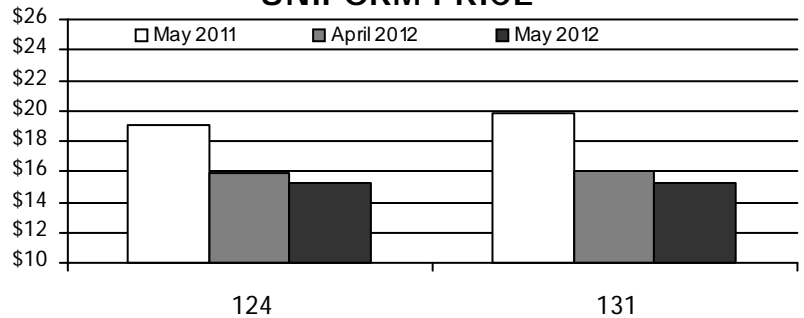
Class I producer milk during May totaled 186.9 million pounds, 25.4 percent of total producer receipts. Daily usage averaged 6.0 million pounds, up 3.1 percent from April. 🐄

#### Arizona (FO 131)

Producers delivered a total of 424.2 million pounds of milk to the market during May. Daily deliveries averaged 13.7 million pounds, down 3.6 percent from April. An estimated 94 producers delivered milk to the market during the month. Daily deliveries per producer averaged 145,558 pounds, down 3.6 percent from April.

Class I producer milk during May totaled 112.1 million pounds, 26.4 percent of total producer receipts. Daily usage averaged 3.6 million pounds, down 8.3 percent from April. 🐄

### UNIFORM PRICE



## Pool Quick Stats

Producer Prices & Component Levels	FO 124		FO 131	
	Apr	May	Apr	May
Uniform Price (at 3.5%)	\$15.87	\$15.31	\$16.02	\$15.27
Uniform Price (at test)	\$16.75	\$16.00	\$16.00	\$15.25
PPD	\$0.15	\$0.08		
Butterfat	\$1.5645	\$1.4462		n/a
Protein	\$2.6568	\$2.7344		
Other Solids	\$0.4048	\$0.3500		
Uniform Skim			\$10.93	\$10.50
Uniform Butterfat		n/a	\$1.5635	\$1.4680
Butterfat	3.779%	3.704%	3.485%	3.482%
Protein	3.148%	3.127%		
Other Solids	5.753%	5.748%		n/a

### HIGHLIGHTS THIS ISSUE

- ✓ Economic Research Service: Dairy Outlook
- ✓ Emergence and Impact of USDA's WASDE Report
- ✓ Agricultural Statistics Timeline, Part I: Early Beginnings

# Federal Order Price Summaries

## FINAL CLASS PRICES

The May 2012 Final Class Prices were calculated using AMS commodity price surveys from May 5, 12, 19, and 26, 2012. Current and archived Final Class Price announcements are available at [www.fmmaseattle.com/finalprice.htm](http://www.fmmaseattle.com/finalprice.htm).

FINAL	Class I (FO124)	Class I (FO131)	Class II	Class II	Class IV	Butterfat	Protein	Other Solids	Nonfat Solids
Apr 2012	\$17.56	\$18.01	\$16.20	\$15.72	\$14.80	\$1.5645	\$2.6568	\$0.4048	\$1.0728
May 2012	\$17.75	\$18.20	\$15.19	\$15.23	\$13.55	\$1.4462	\$2.7344	\$0.3500	\$0.9774
Change	\$0.19	\$0.19	(\$1.01)	(\$0.49)	(\$1.25)	(\$0.1183)	\$0.0776	(\$0.0548)	(\$0.0954)

## ADVANCED CLASS I PRICE

The July 2012 Advanced Price was calculated using AMS commodity price surveys from June 9 and 16, 2012. Current and archived Advanced Price announcements are available at [www.fmmaseattle.com/advanceprice.htm](http://www.fmmaseattle.com/advanceprice.htm).

ADVANCED	Butterfat	Class III Skim	Class IV Skim	Base Skim	Base Class I	Class I (FO124)	Class I (FO131)	Class II Skim	Class II Non-fat Solids
Jun 2012	\$1.4279	\$10.61	\$8.72	\$10.61	\$15.24	\$17.14	\$17.59	\$9.42	\$1.0467
Jul 2012	\$1.4594	\$10.78	\$8.31	\$10.78	\$15.51	\$17.41	\$17.86	\$9.01	\$1.0011
Change	\$0.0315	\$0.17	(\$0.41)	\$0.17	\$0.27	\$0.27	\$0.27	(\$0.41)	(\$0.0456)

# Commodity Price Summaries

## AMS COMMODITY PRICES FOR FINAL CLASS PRICES CALCULATION

	April	May	Change
Cheese	\$1.5361	\$1.5215	(\$0.0146)
Butter	\$1.4634	\$1.3657	(\$0.0977)
Nonfat Dry Milk	\$1.2514	\$1.1551	(\$0.0963)
Whey	\$0.5921	\$0.5389	(\$0.0532)

## AMS COMMODITY PRICES FOR ADVANCED CLASS PRICES CALCULATION


	June	July	Change
Cheese	\$1.5243	\$1.5703	\$0.0460
Butter	\$1.3506	\$1.3766	\$0.0260
Nonfat Dry Milk	\$1.1460	\$1.1008	(\$0.0452)
Whey	\$0.5355	\$0.5052	(\$0.0303)

## CURRENT COMMODITY PRICES

\* Note: Effective April 1, 2012, commodity price data collected by AMS \*

The AMS survey of cheddar cheese prices showed a net increase in price received for 40-pound blocks and an increase for 500-pound barrels. The survey of 40-pound blocks showed a net increase of 6.08 cents between the May 19 and the June 16 surveys, to \$1.5879 per pound. The survey of 500-pound barrels (adjusted to 38% moisture) showed an increase of 6.05 cents to \$1.5492 per pound.

The AMS butter price showed an increase of 5.25 cents between the weeks ending May 19 and June 16 from \$1.3352 per pound to \$1.3877 per pound. The AMS nonfat dry milk showed a net decrease of 4.51 cents since mid-May to \$1.0997 per pound. The average price for AMS whey showed a net decrease of 3.41 cents since mid-May to \$0.5075 per pound.

A current summary of various commodity prices is available at [www.fmmaseattle.com/prices.htm](http://www.fmmaseattle.com/prices.htm). 

# USDA Updates

## USDA ANNOUNCES APPOINTEES AND SEEKS NOMINEES FOR NATIONAL DAIRY PROMOTION AND RESEARCH BOARD

On June 12, 2012, Agriculture Secretary Tom Vilsack announced the appointment of 12 dairy members to the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board. All appointees' terms will begin immediately with terms ending October 31, 2014. "These appointees represent a cross section of the dairy industry and I am confident that the industry will be well served by them," said Vilsack.

Newly appointed members are: Kima L. Simonson, Washington (Region 1); Lynda S. Foster, Kansas (Region 4); John R. Howerton, Arkansas (Region 4); Amber L. Horn-Leiterman, Wisconsin (Region 6); Larry R. Shover, Iowa (Region 7); Julie A. Veldhuis Lund, Idaho (Region 8); Urban A. Mescher, Ohio (Region 9); Celeste Y. Deaderick Blackburn, Tennessee (Region 10); and Harold J. Howrigan, Jr., Vermont (Region 12). Reappointed to serve second terms were: Ronald E. Shelton, Colorado (Region 3); Kenton W. Holle, North Dakota (Region 5); and Sharon K. Laubscher, Wisconsin (Region 6).

On June 20, 2012, the USDA announced that it is asking dairy producer and farm organizations to nominate candidates to serve on the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board. Nominations must be submitted by July 20, 2012. The Secretary of Agriculture will appoint 12 individuals from those nominated to succeed members whose terms expire October 31, 2012. The 12 new members will serve terms ending October 31, 2015.

USDA welcomes membership on industry boards that reflects the diversity of the individuals served by the programs. USDA encourages all eligible women, minorities and persons with disabilities to seek nomination for a seat on the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board. For nominating forms and information, visit [www.ams.usda.gov/dairy](http://www.ams.usda.gov/dairy) or contact Whitney A. Rick, Director, Promotion, Research, and Planning Division, Dairy Programs, AMS, USDA, 1400 Independence Ave., SW, Room 2958-S, Stop 0233, Washington, D.C. 20250-0233; telephone (202) 720-6909; fax (202) 720-0285; or e-mail at [whitney.rick@ams.usda.gov](mailto:whitney.rick@ams.usda.gov). ♣

## ERS DAIRY OUTLOOK

*The following is an excerpt from the most recent Dairy Outlook.*

The corn supply and use table is unchanged in June from last month. Projected corn prices also remain unchanged from May at \$4.20 to \$5.00 per bushel for 2012/13. This forecast price is sharply lower than the projected \$5.95 to \$6.25 per bushel price expected for 2011/12. Similarly, soybean meal prices are forecast lower in 2012/13 at \$335 to \$365 per ton, offering some potential relief for dairy producers after the 2011/12 projected \$360 per ton price. Preliminary alfalfa hay prices were posted at \$215 per ton according to the May Agricultural Prices report. This price is above April's reported price and well above the May 2011 reported price.

For June, the number of milk cows was raised to 9,235 thousand head for the current year and remains unchanged at 9,170 thousand head for 2013. While some dairy herd liquidation is expected, the improved feed outlook may improve producer margins enough to moderate the expected decline in dairy herd size this year. Continued good weather will likely boost milk output to 21,890 pounds per cow, a slight increase from May projections. Milk per cow is forecast at 22,100 in 2013, unchanged from May. ♣

Source: "Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Outlook" LDP-M-216, June 18, 2012. Economic Research Service, USDA.



*Celebrate  
June Dairy Month!*

# World Agricultural Supply & Demand Estimates

## EMERGENCE AND IMPACT OF USDA'S WASDE REPORT

*The June 2012 edition of "Amber Waves" magazine, published by USDA's Economic Research Service (ERS), featured a lengthy article examining the "Emergence and Impact of USDA's 'WASDE' Report."*

*The following is an excerpt of the report; full details are available at [www.ers.usda.gov/AmberWaves/](http://www.ers.usda.gov/AmberWaves/).*

The collection, analysis, and reporting of commodity market information by USDA, in place for 150 years, serves an important function in the marketplace. USDA's premier situation and outlook report, World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates (WASDE), draws together domestic and foreign supply, demand, and trade data for key U.S. commodities. WASDE is published before the opening of major domestic futures markets between the 8th and the 12th day of each month. Many market observers watch the report closely and consider it a benchmark due to its comprehensive nature, objectivity, and timeliness.

The WASDE report can trace its beginnings to the "Great Grain Robbery" of 1972. In the years following the New Deal, the number of USDA agencies involved in collecting and analyzing agricultural statistics expanded to the point that, by the 1970s, USDA's economic intelligence system had fragmented. USDA addressed these problems, in part, by creating the Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates report, as well as its later iteration, WASDE, which added data on foreign markets beginning in 1980.

Private agricultural information services have improved over time, leading some in the industry and academia to question the value of USDA's information-reporting program. To determine its usefulness to the market, ERS researchers analyzed the reaction of commodity market prices to 350 WASDE reports published over the 30-year period 1981-2010. Specifically, ERS measured the impact of USDA's situation and outlook information on commodity prices for three commodities in three different markets: cotton on the IntercontinentalExchange, soybeans on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, and wheat on the Kansas City Board of Trade.

Overall, findings reveal that markets value the situation and outlook information published in WASDE and rapidly incorporate that information into futures prices. Reports that included NASS crop survey data are very informative but so are most reports that do not contain production information for row crops. Lastly, WASDE affects multiple simultaneously traded contracts for the same commodity about equally, and the report's impact increases during low-inventory periods. 🐾

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## THIRTY-DAY PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ON STATISTICAL REPORTS BEGINS JUNE 8

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), the USDA is accepting public comment now through July 9, 2012 as part of its review of release times and procedures for several major statistical reports. Due to recent changes in market hours by major commodity exchanges, NASS and the World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)—the USDA entities responsible for the reports—are reviewing release times and procedures of the following statistical reports: World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates, Acreage, Cattle, Cattle on Feed, Crop Production, Grain Stocks, Prospective Plantings, Quarterly Hogs and Pigs, and Small Grain Summary. The current USDA release times of 8:30 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. ET will remain in effect until further notice.

To submit an official comment via the Federal Register, visit <http://1.usa.gov/FR-06082012>, or comment directly at [www.agcounts.usda.gov/optin/136771](http://www.agcounts.usda.gov/optin/136771). 🐾

# Agricultural Statistics: A Historical Timeline

*The story of agricultural statistics in the United States begins with exporters, citizens and government officials recognizing the need to know more about the crop production and land values of the young nation. Technological advances lead to increases in the productivity of early farmers. The below is excerpted from the Timeline.*

<b>Year &amp; Population</b>	<b>Part I: Early Beginnings</b>
<b>1776-1796</b> Pop: 3,929,625	<p>The Continental Congress offers land grants for service in the Continental Army. George Washington corresponds with land holders for information on farmland prices, commodity prices and crop yields at the request of an Englishman named Arthur Young. President George Washington proposes to establish a National Board of Agriculture. Although a congressional committee agrees with Washington's proposal, Congress does not act.</p>
<b>1803-1807</b> Pop: 5,308,483	<p>During Thomas Jefferson's presidency, the United States purchases 828,800 square miles of land claimed by France in a transaction known as the Louisiana Purchase. Cotton replaces tobacco as the chief southern crop. Lower costs associated with the production of wheat and meat in the western areas encourage New England farmers to produce dairy, fruits, vegetables and tobacco. States establish agricultural societies to improve agricultural production practices.</p>
<b>1819-1825</b> Pop: 9,638,453	<p>The US Department of the Treasury instructs consuls to collect seeds, plants and agricultural inventions. It publishes data on agricultural imports and exports, but not on domestic production. The US House of Representatives creates the Agriculture Committee. Completion of the Erie Canal accelerates the development of agricultural lands in western New York and the Ohio Valley. The US Senate creates the Agriculture Committee.</p>
<b>1830-1849</b> Pop: 17,069,453	<p>The railroad era begins, speeding up agricultural production in the Mississippi Valley and later in the Great Plains. President Martin Van Buren proposes to establish a Bureau of Agriculture. As a result of this proposal, agricultural data are collected for the first time in the 1840 Census of Agriculture.</p>
<b>1850-1859</b> Pop: 23,191,876	<p>James T. Earle, president of the Maryland State Agricultural Society, proposes that state agricultural societies appoint individuals in each county to report on crops and summarize the reports for all interested. John Jay, chairman of the American Geographical and Statistical Society of New York, gives an address emphasizing that statistics, if adequately provided, could help guide the Nation's policy in agriculture as well as in social matters. Number of US farms totals 1,449,073.</p>

# Monthly Selected Statistics

PRICE & POOL DATA	PACIFIC NORTHWEST				ARIZONA			
	May 2012	Apr 2012	May 2011	Apr 2011	May 2012	Apr 2012	May 2011	Apr 2011
<b>Minimum Class Prices (3.5% B.F.)</b>								
Class I Milk (\$/cwt)	\$17.75	\$17.56	\$21.65	\$21.33	\$18.20	\$18.01	\$22.10	\$21.78
Class II Milk (\$/cwt)	15.19	16.20	20.63	19.66	15.19	16.20	20.63	19.66
Class III Milk (\$/cwt)	15.23	15.72	16.52	16.87	15.23	15.72	16.52	16.87
Class IV Milk (\$/cwt)	13.55	14.80	20.29	19.78	13.55	14.80	20.29	19.78
<b>Producer Prices</b>								
Producer Price Differential (\$/cwt)	\$0.08	\$0.15	\$2.50	\$2.08	+	+	+	+
Butterfat (\$/pound)	1.4462	1.5645	2.2497	2.2113	+	+	+	+
Protein (\$/pound)	2.7344	2.6568	2.3133	2.4984	+	+	+	+
Other Solids (\$/pound)	0.3500	0.4048	0.3026	0.2902	+	+	+	+
Uniform Skim Price (\$/cwt)	+	+	+	+	\$10.50	\$10.93	\$12.45	\$12.20
Uniform Butterfat Price (\$/pound)	+	+	+	+	1.4680	1.5635	2.2473	2.2235
Statistical Uniform Price (\$/cwt)	\$15.31	\$15.87	\$19.02	\$18.95	\$15.27	\$16.02	\$19.88	\$19.56
<b>Producer Data</b>								
Number of Producers	<b>607</b>	603	515	631	<b>94</b>	94	100	100
Avg. Daily Production (pounds)	<b>39,173</b>	35,227	39,484	36,129	<b>145,558</b>	150,959	131,758	136,048
<b>Producer Milk Ratios</b>								
Class I	25.35%	27.53%	29.82%	26.86%	26.42%	27.77%	28.05%	28.49%
Class II	5.65%	6.78%	6.19%	6.43%	7.33%	7.14%	7.85%	6.31%
Class III	42.16%	35.50%	45.91%	39.59%	25.19%	22.02%	26.60%	27.35%
Class IV	26.84%	30.19%	18.08%	27.12%	41.06%	43.07%	37.50%	37.85%

+ Not Applicable. Preliminary data indicated in **bold**.

# Monthly Supplemental Statistics

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA	PACIFIC NORTHWEST				ARIZONA			
	Apr 2012	Mar 2012	Apr 2011	Mar 2011	Apr 2012	Mar 2012	Apr 2011	Mar 2011
<b>Number of Handlers</b>								
Pool Handlers	24	25	26	26	7	7	7	7
<i>Distributing Plants</i>	14	14	14	14	5	5	5	5
<i>Supply Plants 1/</i>	5	6	7	7	1	1	1	1
<i>Cooperatives</i>	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	1
Producer-Handlers	5	5	5	4	0	0	0	0
Other Plants w/ Class I Use	17	17	18	19	23	23	21	22
<b>Class I Route Disposition In Area</b>								
By Pool Plants	162,612,685	173,856,269	169,220,775	177,124,522	90,740,604	95,758,825	93,968,414	94,449,725
By Producer-Handlers	7,028,719	7,285,801	7,165,860	7,103,255	0	0	0	0
By Other Plants	<b>8,023,514</b>	8,374,083	7,324,896	8,915,397	<b>6,022,658</b>	5,891,370	6,448,999	6,690,076
Total	177,664,918	189,516,153	183,711,531	193,143,174	96,763,262	101,650,195	100,417,413	101,139,801
<b>Producer-Handler Data</b>								
% Class I Use	62.77%	64.02%	61.19%	64.85%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% of Total In-Area Route Dispositions	3.96%	3.84%	3.90%	3.68%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Preliminary data indicated in **bold**. 1/ Includes Cooperative Pool Manufacturing Plants.



# Monthly Statistical Summary

RECEIPTS & UTILIZATION	PACIFIC NORTHWEST				ARIZONA			
	May	Apr	May	Apr	May	Apr	May	Apr
	2012	2012	2011	2011	2012	2012	2011	2011
<b>Receipts of Milk</b>								
Total Producer Milk	737,116,641	637,254,655	630,364,710	683,916,285	424,155,801	425,704,903	408,450,394	408,144,743
Receipts From Other Sources	12,309,254	9,834,593	12,290,119	11,833,389	4,138,981	3,057,445	1,880,488	1,958,735
Opening Inventory	37,836,755	33,043,109	35,861,869	40,055,099	25,324,520	21,787,743	21,619,611	23,615,232
<b>Total To Be Accounted For</b>	<b>787,262,650</b>	<b>680,132,357</b>	<b>678,516,698</b>	<b>735,804,773</b>	<b>453,619,302</b>	<b>450,550,091</b>	<b>431,950,493</b>	<b>433,718,710</b>
<b>Utilization of Receipts</b>								
Whole milk	33,627,282	31,284,007	33,070,203	31,888,906	23,608,164	23,199,700	23,278,399	23,511,326
Flavored milk & drinks	14,151,421	12,447,915	13,397,903	12,497,934	5,023,545	5,838,542	5,306,507	6,207,692
2% milk	68,203,815	65,667,081	68,270,229	68,785,315	32,444,376	32,767,808	32,904,856	34,090,249
1% milk	28,076,822	26,596,033	27,592,156	27,300,382	15,673,550	16,473,007	15,893,905	16,768,550
Skim milk	26,255,727	25,333,294	27,924,130	27,415,786	11,263,184	12,073,072	12,051,114	12,979,391
Buttermilk	1,337,636	1,284,355	1,386,034	1,332,452	403,408	388,475	384,795	411,206
Class I dispositions in area	171,652,703	162,612,685	171,640,655	169,220,775	88,416,227	90,740,604	89,819,576	93,968,414
Class I dispositions out of area	14,124,499	12,745,297	15,254,600	15,093,178	24,993,087	24,448,659	24,774,700	23,469,124
Other Class I usage	16,106,296	16,218,261	17,236,898	18,339,430	12,673,104	14,033,206	12,758,206	12,596,628
<b>Utilization by Class</b>								
Total Class I Use	201,883,498	191,576,243	204,132,153	202,653,383	126,082,418	129,222,469	127,352,482	130,034,166
Total Class II Use	52,903,805	50,621,596	47,488,371	51,185,719	31,754,359	31,747,689	32,759,545	26,419,762
Total Class III Use	310,801,027	226,735,078	291,024,102	271,919,630	106,852,204	93,749,827	110,118,490	111,722,701
Total Class IV Use	221,674,320	211,199,440	135,872,072	210,046,041	188,930,321	195,830,106	161,719,976	165,542,081
<b>Total Accounted For</b>	<b>787,262,650</b>	<b>680,132,357</b>	<b>678,516,698</b>	<b>735,804,773</b>	<b>453,619,302</b>	<b>450,550,091</b>	<b>431,950,493</b>	<b>433,718,710</b>

CLASSIFICATION OF RECEIPTS	PACIFIC NORTHWEST				ARIZONA			
	May	Apr	May	Apr	May	Apr	May	Apr
	2012	2012	2011	2011	2012	2012	2011	2011
<b>Producer milk</b>								
Class I	186,892,086	175,417,725	187,989,813	183,671,525	112,050,995	118,199,112	114,572,008	116,263,986
Class II	41,679,343	43,201,346	39,044,271	43,980,173	31,082,856	30,396,413	32,075,604	25,749,242
Class III	310,754,431	226,239,543	289,406,102	270,752,427	106,852,204	93,749,827	108,658,725	111,623,573
Class IV	197,790,781	192,396,041	113,924,524	185,512,160	174,169,746	183,359,551	153,144,057	154,507,942
<b>Other receipts</b>								
Class I	14,991,412	16,158,518	16,142,340	18,981,858	14,031,423	11,023,357	12,780,474	13,770,180
Class II	11,224,462	7,420,250	8,444,100	7,205,546	1/	1/	1/	1/
Class III	46,596	495,535	1,618,000	1,167,203	1/	1/	1/	1/
Class IV	23,883,539	18,803,399	21,947,548	24,533,881	15,432,078	13,821,831	10,719,625	11,803,787
<b>Avg. daily producer receipts</b>	<b>23,777,956</b>	<b>21,241,822</b>	<b>20,334,345</b>	<b>22,797,210</b>	<b>13,682,445</b>	<b>14,190,163</b>	<b>13,175,819</b>	<b>13,604,825</b>
Change From Previous Year	16.93%	-6.82%	-7.31%	3.81%	3.85%	4.30%	6.57%	8.92%
<b>Avg. daily Class I use</b>	<b>6,512,371</b>	<b>6,385,875</b>	<b>6,584,908</b>	<b>6,755,113</b>	<b>4,067,175</b>	<b>4,307,416</b>	<b>4,108,145</b>	<b>4,334,472</b>
Change From Previous Year	-1.10%	-5.47%	0.16%	-2.29%	-1.00%	-0.62%	-1.46%	-3.01%

1/ Restricted - Included with Class IV.



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### Visit the MA website

[www.fmmaseattle.com](http://www.fmmaseattle.com)

## FEDERAL ORDER STATISTICS FOR MAY

Federal Order Name (Number)	Producer Deliveries	Class I Receipts	Class I Utilization	Class I Price	Uniform Price
	<i>- million pounds -</i>			<i>- per cwt (at location) -</i>	
Northeast (FO 1)	2,142.6	825.2	38.51%	\$19.10	\$16.79
Appalachian (FO 5)	508.9	321.0	63.08%	\$19.25	\$17.69
Florida (FO 6)	243.4	199.0	81.76%	\$21.25	\$19.98
Southeast (FO 7)	602.2	368.8	61.25%	\$19.65	\$18.07
Upper Midwest (FO 30)	3,045.4	319.2	10.48%	\$17.65	\$15.45
Central (FO 32)	1,408.9	394.7	28.02%	\$17.85	\$15.51
Mideast (FO 33)	1,594.1	511.6	32.09%	\$17.85	\$15.74
<b>Pacific Northwest (FO 124)</b>	737.1	186.9	25.35%	\$17.75	\$15.31
Southwest (FO 126)	1,114.2	359.8	32.29%	\$18.85	\$16.50
Arizona (FO 131)	424.2	112.1	26.42%	\$18.20	\$15.27

For links to Market Administrator's webpages, see [www.fmmaseattle.com/dairyreferences.htm](http://www.fmmaseattle.com/dairyreferences.htm).